10A NCAC 41A .0101 is proposed as a temporary rule as follows:

| 1 | 10/11/02/10 41/ | r toror is proposed as a temporary rule as ronows. |
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| 3 | 10A NCAC 41/ | |
| 4 | | ing named diseases and conditions are declared to be dangerous to the public health and are hereby |
| 5 | made reportable | within the time period specified after the disease or condition is reasonably suspected to exist: |
| 6 | (1) | acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) - 24 hours; |
| 7 | (2) | anthrax - immediately; |
| 8 | (3) | botulism - immediately; |
| 9 | (4) | brucellosis - 7 days; |
| 10 | (5) | campylobacter infection - 24 hours; |
| 11 | (6) | chancroid - 24 hours; |
| 12 | (7) | chikungunya virus infection - 24 hours; |
| 13 | (8) | chlamydial infection (laboratory confirmed) - 7 days; |
| 14 | (9) | cholera - 24 hours; |
| 15 | (10) | Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease – 7 days; |
| 16 | (11) | cryptosporidiosis – 24 hours; |
| 17 | (12) | cyclosporiasis – 24 hours; |
| 18 | (13) | dengue - 7 days; |
| 19 | (14) | diphtheria - 24 hours; |
| 20 | (15) | Escherichia coli, shiga toxin-producing - 24 hours; |
| 21 | (16) | ehrlichiosis – 7 days; |
| 22 | (17) | encephalitis, arboviral - 7 days; |
| 23 | (18) | foodborne disease, including Clostridium perfringens, staphylococcal, Bacillus cereus, and other |
| 24 | | and unknown causes - 24 hours; |
| 25 | (19) | gonorrhea - 24 hours; |
| 26 | (20) | granuloma inguinale - 24 hours; |
| 27 | (21) | Haemophilus influenzae, invasive disease - 24 hours; |
| 28 | (22) | Hantavirus infection – 7 days; |
| 29 | (23) | Hemolytic-uremic syndrome – 24 hours; |
| 30 | (24) | Hemorrhagic fever virus infection – immediately; |
| 31 | (25) | hepatitis A - 24 hours; |
| 32 | (26) | hepatitis B - 24 hours; |
| 33 | (27) | hepatitis B carriage - 7 days; |
| 34 | (28) | hepatitis C, acute – 7 days; |
| 35 | (29) | human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection confirmed - 24 hours; |
| 36 | (30) | influenza virus infection causing death – 24 hours; |
| 37 | (31) | legionellosis - 7 days; |
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| 1 | (32) | leprosy – 7 days; |
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| 2 | (33) | leptospirosis - 7 days; |
| 3 | (34) | listeriosis – 24 hours; |
| 4 | (35) | Lyme disease - 7 days; |
| 5 | (36) | lymphogranuloma venereum - 7 days; |
| 6 | (37) | malaria - 7 days; |
| 7 | (38) | measles (rubeola) - 24 hours; |
| 8 | (39) | meningitis, pneumococcal - 7 days; |
| 9 | (40) | meningococcal disease - 24 hours; |
| 10 | (41) | Middle East respiratory syndrome (MERS) - 24 hours; |
| 11 | (42) | monkeypox – 24 hours; |
| 12 | (43) | mumps - 7 days; |
| 13 | (44) | nongonococcal urethritis - 7 days; |
| 14 | (45) | novel influenza virus infection – immediately; |
| 15 | (46) | plague - immediately; |
| 16 | (47) | paralytic poliomyelitis - 24 hours; |
| 17 | (48) | pelvic inflammatory disease – 7 days; |
| 18 | (49) | psittacosis - 7 days; |
| 19 | (50) | Q fever - 7 days; |
| 20 | (51) | rabies, human - 24 hours; |
| 21 | (52) | Rocky Mountain spotted fever - 7 days; |
| 22 | (53) | rubella - 24 hours; |
| 23 | (54) | rubella congenital syndrome - 7 days; |
| 24 | (55) | salmonellosis - 24 hours; |
| 25 | (56) | severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) – 24 hours; |
| 26 | (57) | shigellosis - 24 hours; |
| 27 | (58) | smallpox - immediately; |
| 28 | (59) | Staphylococcus aureus with reduced susceptibility to vancomycin – 24 hours; |
| 29 | (60) | streptococcal infection, Group A, invasive disease - 7 days; |
| 30 | (61) | syphilis - 24 hours; |
| 31 | (62) | tetanus - 7 days; |
| 32 | (63) | toxic shock syndrome - 7 days; |
| 33 | (64) | trichinosis - 7 days; |
| 34 | (65) | tuberculosis - 24 hours; |
| 35 | (66) | tularemia – immediately; |
| 36 | (67) | typhoid - 24 hours; |
| 37 | (68) | typhoid carriage (Salmonella typhi) - 7 days; |
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| 1 | (69) typhus | , epidemic (louse-borne) - 7 days; | | | | | |
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| 2 | (70) vaccini | | | | | | |
| 3 | (71) vibrio | | | | | | |
| 4 | (72) whooping cough -24 hours; and | | | | | | |
| 5 | (73) yellow fever - 7 days. <u>days</u> ; and | | | | | | |
| 6 | (74) 	Zika virus - 24 hours. | | | | | | |
| 7 | (b) For purposes of reporting, "confirmed human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection" is defined as a positive | | | | | | |
| 8 | virus culture, repeatedly reactive EIA antibody test confirmed by western blot or indirect immunofluorescent | | | | | | |
| 9 | antibody test, positive nucleic acid detection (NAT) test, or other confirmed testing method approved by the | | | | | | |
| 10 | Director of the State Public Health Laboratory conducted on or after February 1, 1990. In selecting additional tests | | | | | | |
| 11 | for approval, the Director of the State Public Health Laboratory shall consider whether such tests have been | | | | | | |
| 12 | approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration, recommended by the federal Centers for Disease Control | | | | | | |
| 13 | and Prevention, and endorsed by the Association of Public Health Laboratories. | | | | | | |
| 14 | (c) In addition to the | laboratory reports for Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Neisseria gonorrhoeae, and syphilis | | | | | |
| 15 | specified in G.S. 130A-1 | 39, laboratories shall report: | | | | | |
| 16 | (1) Isolatio | on or other specific identification of the following organisms or their products from human | | | | | |
| 17 | clinica | l specimens: | | | | | |
| 18 | (A) | Any hantavirus or hemorrhagic fever virus. | | | | | |
| 19 | (B) | Arthropod-borne virus (any type). | | | | | |
| 20 | (C) | Bacillus anthracis, the cause of anthrax. | | | | | |
| 21 | (D) | Bordetella pertussis, the cause of whooping cough (pertussis). | | | | | |
| 22 | (E) | Borrelia burgdorferi, the cause of Lyme disease (confirmed tests). | | | | | |
| 23 | (F) | Brucella spp., the causes of brucellosis. | | | | | |
| 24 | (G) | Campylobacter spp., the causes of campylobacteriosis. | | | | | |
| 25 | (H) | Chlamydia trachomatis, the cause of genital chlamydial infection, conjunctivitis (adult | | | | | |
| 26 | | and newborn) and pneumonia of newborns. | | | | | |
| 27 | (I) | Clostridium botulinum, a cause of botulism. | | | | | |
| 28 | (J) | Clostridium tetani, the cause of tetanus. | | | | | |
| 29 | (K) | Corynebacterium diphtheriae, the cause of diphtheria. | | | | | |
| 30 | (L) | Coxiella burnetii, the cause of Q fever. | | | | | |
| 31 | (M) | Cryptosporidium parvum, the cause of human cryptosporidiosis. | | | | | |
| 32 | (N) | Cyclospora cayetanesis, the cause of cyclosporiasis. | | | | | |
| 33 | (0) | Ehrlichia spp., the causes of ehrlichiosis. | | | | | |
| 34 | (P) | Shiga toxin-producing Escherichia coli, a cause of hemorrhagic colitis, hemolytic uremic | | | | | |
| 35 | | syndrome, and thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura. | | | | | |
| 36 | (Q) | Francisella tularensis, the cause of tularemia. | | | | | |
| 37 | (R) | Hepatitis B virus or any component thereof, such as hepatitis B surface antigen. | | | | | |
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| 1 | | (S) | Human | Immunodeficiency Virus, the cause of AIDS. |
|----|-----|----------|------------|---|
| 2 | | (T) | Legion | ella spp., the causes of legionellosis. |
| 3 | | (U) | Leptos | pira spp., the causes of leptospirosis. |
| 4 | | (V) | Listeria | monocytogenes, the cause of listeriosis. |
| 5 | | (W) | Middle | East respiratory syndrome virus. |
| 6 | | (X) | Monke | ypox. |
| 7 | | (Y) | Mycob | acterium leprae, the cause of leprosy. |
| 8 | | (Z) | Plasmo | dium falciparum, P. malariae, P. ovale, and P. vivax, the causes of malaria in |
| 9 | | | humans | 3. |
| 10 | | (AA) | Poliovi | rus (any), the cause of poliomyelitis. |
| 11 | | (BB) | Rabies | virus. |
| 12 | | CC) | Rickett | sia rickettsii, the cause of Rocky Mountain spotted fever. |
| 13 | | (DD) | Rubella | a virus. |
| 14 | | (EE) | Salmon | ella spp., the causes of salmonellosis. |
| 15 | | (FF) | Shigella | a spp., the causes of shigellosis. |
| 16 | | (GG) | Smallp | ox virus, the cause of smallpox. |
| 17 | | (HH) | Staphyl | lococcus aureus with reduced susceptibility to vanomycin. |
| 18 | | (II) | Trichin | ella spiralis, the cause of trichinosis. |
| 19 | | (JJ) | Vaccini | ia virus. |
| 20 | | (KK) | Vibrio | spp., the causes of cholera and other vibrioses. |
| 21 | | (LL) | Yellow | fever virus. |
| 22 | | (MM) | Yersini | a pestis, the cause of plague. |
| 23 | (2) | Isolatio | on or othe | er specific identification of the following organisms from normally sterile human |
| 24 | | body si | tes: | |
| 25 | | (A) | Group | A Streptococcus pyogenes (group A streptococci). |
| 26 | | (B) | Haemo | philus influenzae, serotype b. |
| 27 | | (C) | Neisser | ia meningitidis, the cause of meningococcal disease. |
| 28 | (3) | Positive | e serologi | ic test results, as specified, for the following infections: |
| 29 | | (A) | Fourfol | d or greater changes or equivalent changes in serum antibody titers to: |
| 30 | | | (i) | Any arthropod-borne viruses associated with meningitis or encephalitis in a |
| 31 | | | | human. |
| 32 | | | (ii) | Any hantavirus or hemorrhagic fever virus. |
| 33 | | | (iii) | Chlamydia psittaci, the cause of psittacosis. |
| 34 | | | (iv) | Coxiella burnetii, the cause of Q fever. |
| 35 | | | (v) | Dengue virus. |
| 36 | | | (vi) | Ehrlichia spp., the causes of ehrlichiosis. |
| 37 | | | (vii) | Measles (rubeola) virus. |
| | | | | |

| 1 | | (viii | Mumps virus. |
|----|---------------|---------------|---|
| 2 | | (ix) | Rickettsia rickettsii, the cause of Rocky Mountain spotted fever. |
| 3 | | (x) | Rubella virus. |
| 4 | | (xi) | Yellow fever virus. |
| 5 | | (B) The | presence of IgM serum antibodies to: |
| 6 | | (i) | Chlamydia psittaci. |
| 7 | | (ii) | Hepatitis A virus. |
| 8 | | (iii) | Hepatitis B virus core antigen. |
| 9 | | (iv) | Rubella virus. |
| 10 | | (v) | Rubeola (measles) virus. |
| 11 | | (vi) | Yellow fever virus. |
| 12 | (4) | Laboratory re | sults from tests to determine the absolute and relative counts for the T-helper (CD4) |
| 13 | | subset of lym | phocytes and all results from tests to determine HIV viral load. |
| 14 | | | |
| 15 | History Note: | Authority G.S | . 130A-134; 130A-135; 130A-139; 130A-141 |